

The background of the infographic features a close-up photograph of a grill with several patties and vegetables cooking. A dark teal banner is overlaid across the top, containing the title 'grilling safety' in white lowercase letters. Below the banner, the infographic is divided into two main sections: a teal section on the left for safety tips and a white section on the right for statistics. The teal section includes a warning icon and several paragraphs of text. The white section includes a 'no fire' icon, a heading for the leading cause of grill fires, a list of three causes, a heading for statistics, and several key statistics.

grilling safety



SAFETY TIPS

Grilling is not permitted on balconies, under overhanging portions of buildings, or on roofs.

Move the grill away from siding, decking, and other things that can catch fire.

Keep children and pets at least three feet away from the grill when it's hot.

Don't stray from grill while cooking.

Keep the community grills clean so leftover grease and fat won't catch on fire.

Gas-fired, charcoal, and electric grills cannot be stored on balconies

Keep a garden hose or other extinguishing equipment nearby.



LEADING CAUSE OF GRILL FIRES

FAILURE TO **CLEAN** PROPERLY

KEEPING GRILL **TOO CLOSE** TO SOMETHING THAT CATCHES FIRE

LEAVING THE GRILL **UNATTENDED**

BY THE NUMBERS

8,900 RESIDENTIAL FIRES ARE STARTED BY GRILLS EACH YEAR ON AVERAGE

JULY IS THE PEAK MONTH FOR GRILL FIRES, FOLLOWED BY MAY, JUNE AND AUGUST

AN **AVERAGE OF 16,000 PATIENTS PER YEAR** GO TO THE ER DUE TO GRILL RELATED INJURIES